# Eureka Math<sup>™</sup> Tips for Parents

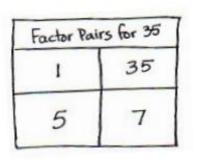
### Grade 4 Module 3

#### *Multi-Digit Multiplication and Division*

In this module, we will start with applying multiplication and division to contexts such as area and perimeter to set the stage for multiplication and division of multi-digit whole numbers. We will practice various ways to model these problems, moving from concrete to abstract.

# Thinking mathematically is hard but important work!





Students will learn how to determine if a number is prime or composite by looking for factor pairs in the number. What Came Before this Module: We extended place value work, practicing using metric measurements for length, mass and capacity.

What Comes After this Module: We will begin learning geometric terms, measuring angles, and learning how to find the measure of an unknown angle.

#### Key Words to Know

#### **Number Properties**

Associative Property:  $3 \times (4 \times 8) = (3 \times 4) \times 8$ Distributive Property:  $6 \times (3 + 5) = (6 \times 3) + (6 \times 5)$ Partial Product:  $24 \times 6 = (20 \times 6) + (4 \times 6)$ 

#### **Mathematical Terms**

Prime Number - positive integer only having factors of one and itself Composite Number - positive integer having three or more factors Divisor - the number by which another number is divided Remainder - the number left over when one integer is divided by another Algorithm - steps for base ten computations with the four operations Area - the amount of two-<u>dimensional space in a</u> bounded region Perimeter - length of a continuous line around a geometric figure

## How you can help at home:

- Become familiar with the area model, a different method of multiplying than you may have learned
- Continue to review the place value system with your student
- Discuss mathematical patterns, such as 5 x 9, 5 x 90, 50 x 90, 50 x 900, etc.

### Key Common Core Standards:

- Use the four operations (+, -, x, ÷) with whole numbers to solve problems
- Gain familiarity with factors and multiples
- Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic
- Solve problems involving measurement and conversion of measurements from a larger unit to a smaller unit

The area model encourages students to think about each part of a	26 26 20 6 ×34 ×34	Spotlight on Math Models:
number as they multiply.	4 80 24 24 104	Area Models
Thus, 34 x 26 becomes a series of partial products:	30 600 180 <u>600</u> 780 884 884	You will often see
4 x 6 24		this mathematical
4 x 20 80		representation in A
30 x 6 180		Story of Units.
+ 30 x 20 600		
884 884		

# A Story of Units has several key mathematical "models" that will be used throughout a student's elementary years.

Students began in earlier grades to build arrays, showing multiplication and division as a series of rows and columns. In 4<sup>th</sup> grade, they learn to show these types of problems as an area model.

As students move through the grades, the area model will be a powerful tool that can take them all the way into algebra and beyond. One of the goals in *A Story of Units* is to first give students concrete experiences with mathematical concepts, and then build slowly toward more abstract representations of those concepts. The area model is a tool that helps students to make that important leap.

